Condensed consolidated interim financial statements 31 March 2019

Condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

Contents	Page
Independent auditors' report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements	1 - 2
Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position	3
Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss	4
Condensed consolidated interim statement of other comprehensive income	5
Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity	6
Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows	7
Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements	8 - 25



KPMG Lower Gulf Limited Level 13, Boulevard Plaza Tower One Mohammed Bin Rashid Boulevard, Downtown Dubai, UAE Tel. +971 (4) 403 0300, Fax +971 (4) 330 1515

Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information

The Shareholders Commercial Bank of Dubai PSC

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information of Commercial Bank of Dubai PSC. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019;
- the condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the threemonth period ended 31 March 2019; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.



Independent Auditors' Report on Review of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 31 March 2019

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 31 March 2019 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

KPMG-Lower Gulf Limited

Emilio Pera

Registration Number: 1146 Dubai, United Arab Emirates

Date:

Condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position *As at 31 March 2019*

		31 March	31 December
•		2019	2018
	Notes	AED'000	AED'000
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with Central Bank	7	7,730,409	8,682,322
Due from banks, net	8	2,640,817	971,280
Loans and advances and Islamic financing, net	9	51,800,591	50,944,947
Investment securities, net	10	7,103,528	6,751,150
Investment in an associate		84,405	84,842
Investment properties, net		182,070	214,420
Property and equipment		334,174	343,093
Bankers acceptances		5,402,875	5,266,428
Other assets, net	•	883,677	843,064
TOTAL ASSETS	=	76,162,546	74,101,546
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY LIABILITIES			
Due to banks		2,888,521	2,762,944
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	11	54,614,000	53,165,030
Notes and medium term borrowings	12	2,610,281	2,609,944
Due for trade acceptances		5,402,875	5,266,428
Other liabilities		1,588,990	1,078,474
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	67,104,667	64,882,820
EQUITY			
Share capital	13	2,802,734	2,802,734
Legal and statutory reserve		1,401,367	1,401,367
General reserve		1,328,025	1,328,025
Capital reserve		38,638	38,638
Fair value reserve		(48,449)	(137,060)
Retained earnings		3,535,564	3,785,022
TOTAL EQUITY		9,057,879	9,218,726
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	:	76,162,546	74,101,546

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 April 2019.

The attached notes from 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

The review report of the Auditors is set out on pages 1 to 2.

Mr. Humaid Al Qutami

Chairman

Dr. Bernd van Linder Chief Executive Officer

Condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	31 March 2019 AED'000 (Unaudited)	31 March 2018 AED'000 (Unaudited)
Interest income and income from Islamic financing		783,001	661,928
Interest expense and distributions to Islamic depositors	_	(290,043)	(204,091)
Net interest income and income from Islamic financing		492,958	457,837
Net fees and commission income		191,826	141,982
Net gains from foreign exchange and derivatives		52,141	36,295
Net gains from investments at fair value through profit or loss		444	193
Net gains from sale of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		5,084	1,923
Share of (loss) / profit of an associate	,	(613)	3,666
Dividend income		3,059	4,674
Other income		29,166	11,432
Total operating income		774,065	658,002
Impairment allowance on due from banks	8	(4,647)	(3)
Impairment allowance on loans and advances and Islamic financing	9	(222,404)	(158,170)
Recoveries of loans and advances and Islamic financing		8,366	7,011
Impairment allowance on other assets		(5,176)	(14,334)
Impairment allowance on investment properties		(3,322)	-
(Impairment)/ reversal of allowance on investment securities	10	(1,085)	866
Total net income	-	545,797	493,372
Staff and other expenses		(188,798)	(199,053)
Depreciation and amortisation		(16,945)	(14,575)
Total operating expenses		(205,743)	(213,628)
Net profit for the period		340,054	279,744
Basic and diluted earnings per share	14 =	AED 0.12	AED 0.10

The attached notes from 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of other comprehensive income For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

	31 March 2019 AED'000 (Unaudited)	31 March 2018 AED'000 (Unaudited)
Net profit for the period	340,054	279,744
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Realised gain on sale of equity investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income Revaluation loss of equity investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,654 (11,696)	886 (11,234)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: Changes in fair value of effective portion of cash flow hedge Changes in fair value reserve of an associate	1,800 175 1,975	(4,788)
Changes in investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income: Realised gain on sale of debt investments Revaluation gain / (loss) on debt investments Net change in investments held at fair value through other	(5,084) 103,416	(1,923) (83,109)
comprehensive income Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	98,332 90,265	(85,032)
Total comprehensive income for the period	430,319	179,576

The attached notes from 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

		Legal and					
	Share	statutory	General	Capital	Fair value	Retained	
	capital	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
At 1 January 2018	2,802,734	1,401,367	1,328,025	38,638	(10,956)	3,520,947	9,080,755
IFRS 9 adjustment	į.	Ŧ	1		ŧ	(397,495)	(397,495)
Transactions with charachaldors and discall is a mit.	2,802,734	1,401,367	1,328,025	38,638	(10,956)	3,123,452	8,683,260
Cash dividend for 2017 (17.5%)	•	1	1	ı	1	(490,478)	(490,478)
Directors' remuneration for 2017	ı	ī	,	ı	ł	(11,000)	(11,000)
Other comprehensive income							
Net profit for the period	1	ž.	š	1		279,744	279,744
Gain on sale of equity investments at fair value					"	,	
through other comprehensive income	1	ı		1	(988)	988	ı
Other comprehensive loss for the period	1	ı	-	ı	(100,168)	1	(100,168)
Total other comprehensive income for the period	ı	ı	1	1	(101,054)	280,630	179,576
At 31 March 2018 (unaudited)	2,802,734	1,401,367	1,328,025	38,638	(112,010)	2,902,604	8,361,358
At 1 January 2019	2,802,734	1,401,367	1,328,025	38,638	(137,060)	3,785,022	9.218.726
Transactions with shareholders, recorded directly in equity							
Cash dividend for 2018 (20.7%)		. •	t	•	ī	(580,166)	(580,166)
Directors' remuneration for 2018	ı	•	i	1		(11,000)	(11,000)
Net profit for the period							
Gain on sale of equity investments at fair value		1	I	î	ı	340,054	340,054
through other comprehensive income	ì	ŧ	i	ı	(1,654)	1,654	i
Other comprehensive income for the period	•	1	,	1	90,265	1	90,265
Total other comprehensive income for the period	1		t	ŧ	88,611	341,708	430,319
At 31 March 2019 (unaudited)	2,802,734	1,401,367	1,328,025	38,638	(48,449)	3,535,564	9,057,879

The attached notes from 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

	21 March	21 March
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Note		AED'000
Note	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(Ondadicod)	(Onduction)
Net profit for the period	340,054	279,744
Adjustments for:	•	,
Depreciation and amortisation	16,945	14,575
(Profit) / loss on disposal of property and equipment	(21,268)	75
Amortisation of premium / discount on investments	10,184	13,000
Dividend income	(3,059)	(4,674)
Unrealized gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	(148)	-
Loss / (gain) on forex translation	3,771	(2,662)
Realised gains on sale of investments	(5,358)	(2,019)
Net unrealised gain on derivatives	(24,809)	(16,598)
Share of loss / (profit) of an associate	613	(3,666)
Impairment allowance on loans and advances and Islamic financing	222,404	158,170
Impairment allowance on other assets	5,176	14,334
Impairment allowance on investment properties	3,322	()
Impairment / (reversal) of allowance on investment securities	1,085	(866)
Impairment allowance on due from banks	4,647	3
Amortisation of transaction cost on notes and medium term borrowings	337	2,270 451,686
In access in state stare, vaccing with the Control Book	553,896 (79,733)	(41,334)
Increase in statutory reserve with the Central Bank	(79,733)	(41,354)
(Increase) / decrease in negotiable Central Bank certificate of deposits with original maturity of more than three months	(2,000,000)	550,000
Decrease / (increase) in due from banks with original maturity of		
more than three months	2,110	(2,802)
Increase in loans and advances and Islamic financing, net	(1,078,048)	(238,034)
Decrease / (increase) in other assets	86,843	(15,146)
Increase / (decrease) in customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	1,448,970	(207,162)
Increase in other liabilities	403,652	92,574
Increase / (decrease) in due to banks with original maturity of more than three months	394,522	(183,650)
Directors' remuneration paid	(11,000)	-
Net cash flow (used in) / from operating activities	(278,788)	406,132
INIVECTING ACTIVITIES		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments	(1,652,681)	(1,156,466)
Purchase of property and equipment	(6,458)	(1,130,480)
Dividend income	3,059	4,674
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,379,900	1,112,729
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	48,728	10
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(227,452)	(50,840)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(500,455)	
Dividend paid	(580,166)	
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(580,166)	_
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,086,406)	355,292
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	3,315,334	3,471,981
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 15	2,228,928	3,827,273

The attached notes from 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

1 LEGAL STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

Commercial Bank of Dubai PSC ("the Bank") was incorporated in Dubai, United Arab Emirates (U.A.E.) in 1969 and is registered as a Public Shareholding Company (PSC) in accordance with Federal Law No. 2 of 2015. The Bank is listed on the Dubai Financial Market. The Bank's principal activity is commercial banking. The registered address of the Bank is Al Ittihad Street, P.O. Box 2668, Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group for the three month period ended 31 March 2019 comprise the results of the Bank, its wholly owned subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") and the Group's interest in an associate.

Details about subsidiaries and an associate:

- a) CBD Financial Services LLC, is registered as a limited liability company in accordance with Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 in Dubai, United Arab Emirates. The Bank holds a 100% interest. Its principal activity is providing brokerage facilities for local shares and bonds.
- b) CBD Employment Services One Person Company LLC, is registered as a limited liability company in accordance with Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 in Dubai, United Arab Emirates. The Bank holds 100% interest. Its principal activity is supply of manpower services.
- c) Attijari Properties LLC, is registered as a limited liability company in accordance with Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 in Dubai, United Arab Emirates. The Bank holds a 100% interest. Its principal activity is self-owned property management services as well as buying and selling of real estate.
- d) CBD (Cayman) Limited is a special purpose entity (SPE) registered in British Virgin Islands. The SPE has been established for any future issuance of debt securities.
- e) CBD (Cayman II) Limited, which is a special purpose entity (SPE) registered in British Virgin Islands. The SPE has been established to transact and negotiate derivative agreements.
- f) National General Insurance Co. (PSC) is an associate of the Bank and is listed on the Dubai Financial Market. It underwrites all classes of life and general insurance business as well as certain reinsurance business. The Bank holds 17.8% interest in the associate. The management believes that it has significant influence on the associate by virtue of having representation on the Board of Directors of the associate.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual audited consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* for the first time.

The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in United Arab Emirates Dirhams ("AED"), which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency, rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Bank, its wholly owned subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group"), which it controls and the Group's interest in an associate, as at 31 March 2019. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Summary of Significant Changes in Accounting Policies

The Group has adopted IFRS 16 retrospectively from 1 January 2019, but has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under specific transitional provisions in the standard. The reclassifications and adjustments arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognized in the opening balance sheet on 1 January 2019.

3.1.1 Adjustments recognised on adoption of IFRS 16

On adoption of IFRS 16, the group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'Operating leases' under the principles of IAS 17 *Leases*. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 January 2019. The Financial Impact of adopting the standard is not material.

There were no leases previously classified as finance lease by the entity.

3.1.2 Group's leasing activities and how they are accounted for

Until the 2018 financial year, leases of office premises were classified as operating lease. Payments made under the operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) were charged to profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of lease.

From 1 January 2019, leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable:
- Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

At each reporting date, the Group analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Group verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- Any initial direct costs, and
- Restoration costs.

Critical judgments in determining the lease term:

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.1 Summary of Significant Changes in Accounting Policies (continued)

3.1.2 Group's leasing activities and how they are accounted for (continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Residual value guarantees:

The group initially estimates and recognises amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees as part of the lease liability. The amounts are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

3.2 Financial Assets

3.2.1 Classification

The Group classifies financial assets on initial recognition in the following categories:

- (i) Amortised cost;
- (ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- (iii) Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

o Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level, because this reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to the management. The assessment is not determined by a single factor or activity. Instead, the entity considers all relevant information available at the date of the assessment. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies and objectives for the business and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets.
- How the performance of the portfolio and the financial asset held within the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the management.
- The risks that affect the performance of the portfolio and, in particular, the way in which those risks are managed.
- How the managers of the business are compensated.
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations
 about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part
 of an overall assessment of how the Group's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and
 how cash flows are realised.

Financial assets that are held for trading or managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

o Assessment whether contractual cash flows is solely payments of principal and interest

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument.

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Group considers:

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Financial Assets (continued)

3.2.1 Classification (continued)

- o Assessment whether contractual cash flows is solely payments of principal and interest (continued)
- · contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- · leverage features;
- prepayment and extension terms;
- · terms that limit the Group's claim to cash from specified assets;
- · features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

3.2.2 Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 requires the Group to record an allowance for ECLs that are not measured at FVPL on the following financial instruments:

- · loans and advances, Islamic financing and other financial assets;
- · loan commitments; and
- · financial guarantee contracts.

The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- · The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

IFRS 9 outlines a 'three-stage' model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- Stage 1: When loans are first recognised, the Group recognises an allowance based on 12 months ECLs.
- Stage 2: When a loan has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the life time expected credit losses (LTECLs).
- **Stage 3:** Loans considered are credit-impaired. The group records an allowance for the LTECLs.

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structures of the following variables:

- probability of default (PD);
- · exposure at default (EAD); and
- loss given default (LGD).

These parameters are generally derived from internally developed statistical models and other historical data. They are adjusted to reflect forward-looking information.

Details of these statistical parameters/inputs are as follows:

- PD The probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.
- EAD The exposure at default is an estimate of the expected exposure in the event of a default and the potential changes to the current amount allowed under the contract including amortisation.
- LGD The loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising in case a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realization of any collateral. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the EAD.

(i) Assessment of significant increase in credit risk

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk is performed on at least quarterly basis for each individual exposure. Quantitative thresholds are established for the significant increase in the credit based on the movement in credit rating. In addition to quantitative criteria the Group has a proactive Early Warning Indicator (EWI) framework, based on which the Credit Risk team performs a portfolio quality review on a monthly basis. The objective of the same is to identify potentially higher risk customers within the performing customers.

For retail lending the Group considers credit scores and events such as unemployment, bankruptcy or death. As a back-stop when an asset becomes 30 days past due, the Group considers that a significant increase in credit risk has occurred and the asset is in Stage 2 of the impairment model, i.e. the loss allowance is measured as the lifetime ECL.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3.2 Financial Assets (continued)

3.2.2 Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(ii) Improvement in credit risk profile

The Group has defined below criteria to assess any improvement in the credit risk profile which will result into upgrading of customers moving from Stage 3 to Stage 2 and from Stage 2 to Stage 1.

- Significant decrease in credit risk will be upgraded stage-wise (one stage at a time) from stage 3 to stage 2 and from stage 2 to stage 1 after meeting the curing period of at least 12 months.
- Restructured cases will be upgraded if repayments of 3 installments have been made or 12 months curing
 period is met, if the repayments frequency are longer than monthly or quarterly installments.

(iii) Default definition

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the borrower is past due more than 90 days on any material credit obligation to the Group.

In assessing whether a borrower is in default, the Group considers indicators that are:

- · qualitative e.g. breaches of covenant;
- quantitative e.g. overdue status and non-payment on another obligation of the same issuer to the Group; and
- based on data developed internally and obtained from external sources.

The Group has performed a historical default rate analysis to identify homogeneous segments and further estimated ECL parameters (i.e. PD, LGD and EAD) at similar granularities. To perform a historical default rate analysis, the Group has adopted two separate definitions of default for the non-retail and the retail portfolio.

o Non-retail portfolio

The non-retail portfolio comprises of loans which are managed individually by the Relationship Managers (RMs) with oversight from the Credit Risk team of the Group. These loans are appraised at least annually based on the financial information, other qualitative information and account conduct of the customer.

A non-retail customer is identified as at default if the customer is materially delinquent for more than 90 days on any of its credit obligation.

o Retail portfolio

The retail portfolio comprises of loans that are managed at a product level, and based on approved product programs. A retail account is identified as default if the customer is delinquent for more than 90 days. The default rate analysis for the retail portfolio is performed at the account level.

(iv) Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Group incorporates forward-looking information into both its assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of ECL. The Group relies on a broad range of forward looking information as economic inputs such as:

- GDP growth rates
- UAE Central Bank base rate

4 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, significant judgment is exercised by management in applying the Group's accounting policies. The key sources of estimation and uncertainty are consistent with the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

5 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS "IFRS"

Relevant new and revised IFRS applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

The following new and revised IFRS have been adopted in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The application of these new and revised IFRS has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior periods.

	Effective for annual periods
	beginning on or after
(a) Annual improvements 2015-2017 cycle	1 January 2019
(b) Prepayment features with Negative Compensation - Amendments to IFRS 9	1 January 2019
(c) Long-term interests in Associates and Joint Ventures - Amendments to IAS 28	1 January 2019
(d) Plan Amendment, Curtailments or Settlement - Amendments to IAS 19	1 January 2019

6 RISK GOVERNANCE AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's Risk Governance and Financial Risk Management objectives, policies and procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

7 CASH AND BALANCES WITH CENTRAL BANK

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash on hand	372,198	449,843
Balances with Central Bank U.A.E		
- Clearing account balances	78,047	732,048
- Statutory reserves	3,280,164	3,200,431
- Negotiable certificates of deposit	4,000,000	4,300,000
	7,730,409	8,682,322

Statutory reserves are not available for use in the Group's day to day operations and cannot be withdrawn without the approval of the Central Bank. The level of reserves required changes periodically in accordance with the directives of the Central Bank.

Cash and balances with Central Bank is classified under stage 1 as per IFRS 9. However, there are no expected credit losses and hence no provision has been recognised.

8 DUE FROM BANKS, NET

	31 March 2019 AED'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 AED'000 (Audited)
Current and demand deposits	634,152	550,754
Overnight, call and short notice	1,706,967	114,071
Loans to banks	307,480	309,590
Gross due from banks	2,648,599	974,415
Allowances for impairment losses	(7,782)	(3,135)
Net due from banks	2,640,817	971,280
Within the U.A.E. Outside the U.A.E.	512,185 2,128,632 2,640,817	36,746 934,534 971,280

Due from banks is classified under stage 1 as per IFRS 9. The expected credit loss as at 31 March 2019 is AED 7,782 thousand (31 December 2018: AED 3,135 thousand).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

9 LOANS AND ADVANCES AND ISLAMIC FINANCING, NET

The composition of the loans and advances and Islamic financing portfolio is as follows:

	31 March 2019 AED'000 (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 AED'000 (Audited)
Loans and advances		
Overdrafts	5,841,621	6,155,390
Loans	35,399,778	35,547,904
Advances against letters of credit and trust receipts	3,054,702	3,180,672
Bills discounted	1,622,884	1,456,452
Gross loans and advances	45,918,985	46,340,418
Islamic financing		
Murabaha and Tawaruq	3,894,514	2,792,472
ljara	5,189,051	4,810,392
Others	46,976	114,658
Gross Islamic financing	9,130,541	7,717,522
Gross loans and advances and Islamic financing	55,049,526	54,057,940
Allowances for impairment losses	(3,248,935)	(3,112,993)
Net loans and advances and Islamic financing	51,800,591	50,944,947
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Concentration by sector:		
Manufacturing	1,639,458	2,359,918
Construction	2,618,358	2,522,729
Real estate	18,838,822	17,161,362
Trade	5,218,641	5,316,585
Transportation and storage	1,434,730	1,491,763
Services	4,981,825	4,305,056
Hospitality	2,551,667	2,652,430
Financial and insurance activities	7,569,376	7,311,952
Government entities	128,097	131,497
Personal - mortgage	2,898,710	2,835,784
Personal - schematic	3,801,966	4,924,986
Individual loans for business	1,812,254	2,032,242
Others	1,555,622	1,011,636
Gross loans and advances and Islamic financing	55,049,526	54,057,940
Allowances for impairment losses	(3,248,935)	(3,112,993)
Net loans and advances and Islamic financing	51,800,591	50,944,947

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

9 LOANS AND ADVANCES AND ISLAMIC FINANCING, NET (CONTINUED)

An analysis of changes in the ECL is as follows:

· -	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
ECL allowance at the beginning of the period	3,112,993	3,298,470
Net impairment charge	222,404	158,170
Interest not recognised	56,180	41,215
Recoveries	(14,773)	(7,011)
Amounts written off	(127,869)	(40,419)
ECL allowance at the end of the period	3,248,935	3,450,425

Impairment reserve under the Central Bank of UAE (CBUAE) guidance

The CBUAE has issued its IFRS 9 guidance addressing various implementation challenges and practical implications for Banks adopting IFRS 9 in the UAE ("the guidance"). Pursuant to clause 6.4 of the guidance, the reconciliation between general and specific provision under Circular 28/2010 of CBUAE and IFRS 9 is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Allowances for impairment losses: General		
General provisions under Circular 28/2010 of CBUAE	891,268	874,263
Less: Stage 1 and Stage 2 provisions under IFRS 9	946,052	1,020,966
General provision transferred to the impairment reserve*	*	-
Allowances for impairment losses: Specific		
Specific provisions under Circular 28/2010 of CBUAE	2,285,045	2,084,734
Less: Stage 3 provisions under IFRS 9	2,302,883	2,092,027
Specific provision transferred to the impairment reserve*	-	-
Total provision transferred to the impairment reserve	_	-

^{*} In case provisions under IFRS 9 exceed provisions under CBUAE, no amount shall be transferred to the impairment reserve.

The Group has hedged the fair value of certain fixed rate loans and advances and Islamic financing. The carrying value of these loans and advances and Islamic financing is AED 163 million (31 December 2018: AED 166 million). Net positive fair value of the hedged component is AED 1,874 thousand (31 December 2018: AED 128 thousand).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

10 INVESTMENT SECURITIES, NET

	UAE AED'000	GCC AED'000	International AED'000	Total AED'000
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)				
Held at fair value through profit or loss Fixed rate non-government securities Held at fair value through other comprehensive income	18,518	-	1,420	19,938
Equities	56,793	-	-	56,793
Fund of funds (note 10.1)	5,176	4,901	4,981	15,058
Fixed rate securities		4 000 000	270.664	2 520 254
- Government	2,358,571	1,000,032	270,661	3,629,264
- Others	1,476,846	435,791	1,038,976	2,951,613
Floating rate non-government securities	183,294	-	254,914	438,208
	4,099,198	1,440,724	1,570,952	7,110,874
Allowances for impairment losses			Anna	(7,346)
Net investment securities			-	7,103,528
	UAE	GCC	International	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
31 December 2018 (Audited)				
Held at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equities	72,324	-	-	72,324
Fund of funds (note 10.1)	5,175	4,400	199	9,774
Fixed rate securities				
- Government	2,269,581	1,005,845	366,950	3,642,376
- Others	1,459,601	403,792	773,499	2,636,892
Floating rate non-government securities	183,038	-	213,007	396,045
	3,989,719	1,414,037	1,353,655	6,757,411
Allowances for impairment losses			_	(6,261)
Net investment securities			=	6,751,150

Included in fixed and floating rate securities held at fair value through other comprehensive income securities is an amount of AED 1,393 million (31 December 2018: AED 1,383 million), pledged under repurchase agreements with banks (note 12.2).

10.1 Fund of funds investments

This represents investments in global and regional asset management funds as a part of the Group's strategy of diversifying its holdings. These investments are carried at net assets value provided by the respective fund managers which represents the fair value of the underlying funds.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

11 CUSTOMER DEPOSITS AND ISLAMIC CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Customer deposits		
Current and demand accounts	16,187,608	15,158,944
Savings accounts	2,512,140	2,422,298
Time deposits	23,046,300	23,393,862
	41,746,048	40,975,104
Islamic customer deposits		
Current and demand accounts	4,159,888	2,508,574
Mudaraba savings accounts	570,398	591,166
Investment and Wakala deposits	8,137,666	9,090,186
	12,867,952	12,189,926
Total customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	54,614,000	53,165,030

12 NOTES AND MEDIUM TERM BORROWINGS

		31 December 2018 AED'000 (Audited)	Cash flow changes AED'000	Non cash flow changes AED '000	31 March 2019 AED'000 (Unaudited)
Syndicated loan	12.1	-	-	**	-
Repurchase agreements - I	12.2	551,442	-	-	551,442
Repurchase agreements - II	12.2	591,799	_	-	591,799
Euro medium term notes - I	12.3	-	-	-	-
Euro medium term notes - II	12.3	1,466,703	-	337	1,467,040
Total		2,609,944		337	2,610,281
					,
		31 December	Cash flow	Non cash flow	31 December
		2017	changes	changes	2018
		AED'000	AED'000	AED '000	AED'000
		(Audited)			(Audited)
Syndicated loan	12.1	1,645,826	(1,652,850)	7,024	~
Repurchase agreements - I	12.2	551,442	-	-	551,442
Repurchase agreements - II	12.2	591,799	-	-	591,799
Euro medium term notes - I	12.3	1,835,376	(1,836,500)	1,124	-
Euro medium term notes - II	12.3	1,465,220	-	1,483	1,466,703
Total		6,089,663	(3,489,350)	9,631	2,609,944

12.1 Syndicated loan

In June 2016, the Group entered into a club deal of USD 450 million (AED 1,653 million) for a term of 3 years with an option to roll over on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. This replaced the syndicated loan arrangement of USD 450 million maturing in December 2016, which was prepaid in June 2016 and carried interest at the rate of 3 month LIBOR plus 125 basis points payable on a quarterly basis.

This arrangement was prepaid in December 2018 and replaced with a bilateral loan of USD 350 million with 3 years maturity arranged from various banks.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

12 NOTES AND MEDIUM TERM BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

12.2 Repurchase agreements

In July 2012, the Group entered into Repo transactions to obtain financing against the sale of certain debt securities, amounting to USD 150.1 million (AED 551.4 million) with arrangements to repurchase them at a fixed future date in July 2017. In June 2016, the arrangement of repurchase has been extended for additional five years until July 2022.

In June 2016, the Group entered into additional Repo transactions to obtain financing against the sale of certain debt securities, amounting to USD 161.1 million (AED 591.8 million) with arrangements to repurchase them at a fixed future date in June 2021.

As at 31 March 2019, the fair value of the debt securities, which have been pledged under these repurchase agreements with banks, amounts to AED 1,393 million (USD 379.2 million) (2018: AED 1,383 million (USD 376.5 million) (note 10).

12.3 Euro medium term notes

In 2013, CBD activated its Euro Medium Term Note (EMTN) program. These notes can be issued by way of private or public placements and in each case on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis. These notes can be priced at fixed rate, floating rate or can be index linked. The maximum issuance under the program was USD 2 billion (AED 7.3 billion). At the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 28 February 2016 shareholders approved the increase of the program limit up to a total of USD 3 billion (AED 11 billion).

In May 2013, CBD issued USD 500 million (AED 1,836.5 million) of conventional bonds. These notes were priced at 3.375 per cent fixed rate. These had matured on 21 May 2018.

In November 2015, CBD issued USD 400 million (AED 1,469.2 million) of conventional bonds. These notes were priced at 4 per cent fixed rate and will mature on 17 November 2020.

13 EQUITY

Share capital

The fully paid up and authorised ordinary share capital as at 31 March 2019 comprised 2,802,733,968 ordinary shares of AED 1 each (31 December 2018: 2,802,733,968 shares of AED 1 each). There was no movement in authorised ordinary share capital during the period.

14 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share have been computed using the net profit AED 340,054 thousand (31 March 2018: AED 279,744 thousand) divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 2,802,733,968 (31 March 2018: 2,802,733,968).

Diluted earnings per share as of 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018 are equivalent to basic earnings per share as no new shares have been issued that would impact earnings per share when executed.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

15 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows comprise the following condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position amounts:

	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash on hand	372,198	401,682
Balances with the Central Bank U.A.E.	78,047	239,156
Negotiable certificates of deposit with the Central Bank U.A.E. with		
original maturity less than three months	300,000	700,000
Due from banks with original maturity of less than three months	2,341,120	3,124,072
	3,091,365	4,464,910
Due to banks with original maturity of less than three months	(862,437)	(637,637)
	2,228,928	3,827,273

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNDRAWN COMMITMENTS

Contingent liabilities represent credit-related commitments to extend letters of credit and guarantees which are designed to meet the requirements of the Group's customers toward third parties. Undrawn commitments represent the Group's commitments towards approved un-drawn credit facilities. The amount of contingent liabilities reflected below represent the maximum accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counterparties failed completely to perform as contracted.

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
•	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Contingent liabilities:		
Letters of credit	1,358,099	1,221,648
Letters of guarantee	11,529,754	10,804,478
Total contingent liabilities	12,887,853	12,026,126
Undrawn commitments to extend credit:		
- irrevocable	2,314,858	3,737,846
- revocable	12,903,068	9,682,925
	15,217,926	13,420,771
Total contingent liabilities and undrawn commitments	28,105,779	25,446,897

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

17 SEGMENTAL REPORTING

The primary format, business segments, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure that are regularly reviewed by the Executive Committee in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

Business segments pay to and receive interest from the Treasury to reflect the allocation of funding costs.

Business segments	
Corporate banking	Includes loan and other credit facilities, deposits, trade finance products and e-commerce solutions to large corporate clients (including Government related entities).
Commercial banking	Includes loans, working capital financing, trade finance and deposits products to commercial (mid-sized) clients.
Personal banking	Includes current accounts, easy access saving accounts, fixed rate deposit accounts, personal loans, overdraft facilities, vehicle finance, mortgage products, loans and other credit facilities to small business and retail clients.
Treasury and investments	Undertakes balance sheet management deals and manages the Group's proprietary investment portfolio. It also deals in derivatives for trading and risk management

Interest is charged or credited to business segments and branches to match funding transfer pricing rates which approximate the cost of funds.

Geographical

The Group operates in one geographic area, the United Arab Emirates.

purposes.

	Corporate banking AED'000	Commercial banking AED'000	Personal banking AED'000	Treasury & investments AED'000	Total AED'000
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)					
Assets	37,268,632	14,317,094	6,309,724	18,267,096	76,162,546
			<u> </u>		
Liabilities	36,093,065	10,316,470	14,582,758	6,112,374	67,104,667
31 December 2018 (Audited)					
Assets	37,726,659	12,661,640	7,298,537	16,414,710	74,101,546
Liabilities	34,702,788	10,623,806	14,103,333	5,452,893	64,882,820

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

17 SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTINUED)

	Corporate banking AED'000	Commercial banking AED'000	Personal banking AED'000	Treasury & investments AED'000	Total AED'000
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)					
Net interest income and net income					
from Islamic financing	169,603	135,288	111,094	76,973	492,958
Non-interest and other income	97,706	77,202	52,719	53,480	281,107
Total operating income	267,309	212,490	163,813	130,453	774,065
Expenses (note a)	50,972	54,749	93,616	6,406	205,743
Net provisions (note b)	125,016	59,278	34,393	9,581	228,268
	175,988	114,027	128,009	15,987	434,011
Net profit for the period	91,321	98,463	35,804	114,466	340,054
31 March 2018 (Unaudited) Net interest income and net income					
from Islamic financing	172,857	139,721	99,049	46,210	457,837
Non-interest and other income	61,527	59,496	36,689	42,453	200,165
Total operating income	234,384	199,217	135,738	88,663	658,002
Expenses (note a)	33,770	64,210	100,716	14,932	213,628
Net provisions (note b)	37,885	85,040	41,705	-	164,630
	71,655	149,250	142,421	14,932	378,258
Net profit for the period	162,729	49,967	(6,683)	73,731	279,744

⁽a) This includes staff and other expenses and depreciation and amortization.

The following is an analysis of the total operating income of each segment between income from external parties and inter-segment:

	Externa	l parties	Inte	r-segment
	31 March 31 March 2019 2018 AED'000 AED'000 (Unaudited) (Unaudited)		31 Mar	ch 31 March
			20	19 2018
			AED'0	00 AED'000
			(Unaudite	ed) (Unaudited)
			•	
Corporate banking	306,347	257,128	(39,03	(22,744)
Commercial banking	251,922	220,554	(39,43	(21,337)
Personal banking	115,583	121,450	48,23	14,288
Treasury and investments	100,213	58,870	30,24	10 29,793
Total operating income	774,065	658,002		-

⁽b) This includes impairment allowances on due from banks, loans and advances and Islamic financing, investment securities, and other assets, net of recoveries.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

18 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

18.1 Financial assets and liabilities classification

The table below sets out the Group's financial assets and liabilities classification:

	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through OCI	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)				
Cash and balances with Central Bank	-	-	7,730,409	7,730,409
Due from banks, net	-	-	2,640,817	2,640,817
Loans and advances and Islamic financing, net	-	-	51,800,591	51,800,591
Investment securities, net	19,938	7,083,590	-	7,103,528
Bankers acceptances	-	-	5,402,875	5,402,875
Other assets, net	237,188		511,579	748,767
Total financial assets	257,126	7,083,590	68,086,271	75,426,987
Due to banks	-	***	2,888,521	2,888,521
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	-	-	54,614,000	54,614,000
Notes and medium term borrowing	-	-	2,610,281	2,610,281
Due for trade acceptances	-	-	5,402,875	5,402,875
Other liabilities	189,405	-	1,319,108	1,508,513
Total financial liabilities	189,405		66,834,785	67,024,190
7				
31 December 2018 (Audited)				
Cash and balances with Central Bank	-	-	8,682,322	8,682,322
Due from banks, net	-	-	971,280	971,280
Loans and advances and Islamic financing, net	-	-	50,944,947	50,944,947
Investment securities, net	-	6,751,150	-	6,751,150
Bankers acceptances	-	-	5,266,428	5,266,428
Other assets, net	104,556	-	596,797	701,353
Total financial assets	104,556	6,751,150	66,461,774	73,317,480
Due to banks	-	-	2,762,944	2,762,944
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	-	-	53,165,030	53,165,030
Notes and medium term borrowing	-	-	2,609,944	2,609,944
Due for trade acceptances	-	-	5,266,428	5,266,428
Other liabilities	82,540	-	909,964	992,504
Total financial liabilities	82,540	-	64,714,310	64,796,850

18.2 Fair value measurement - Fair value hierarchy:

The table below shows categorization of fair value of financial assets and liabilities into different levels of the fair value hierarchy:

Different level of fair value hierarchy have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in principal market for identified assets / liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation technique based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: Valuation technique using significant unobservable inputs.

Except for financial assets and liabilities specified in the below table, the fair value of financial assets and liabilities is not materially different from their carrying value.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

18 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

18.2 Fair value measurement - Fair value hierarchy: (continued)

		1 1 2	1 1 2	Total fair	Carrying
	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3	value	value
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	, AED 000	AED 000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Investments					
Equities	56,793	_	-	56,793	56,793
Fund of funds		9,882	5,176	15,058	15,058
Fixed and floating rate securities	7,039,023	-	-	7,039,023	7,039,023
Positive market value of forward foreign					
exchange contracts and other derivatives					
Fair value through profit or loss	-	237,115	-	237,115	237,115
Held for fair value hedge	-	73	-	73	73
Negative market value of forward foreign					
exchange contracts and other derivatives					
Fair value through profit or loss	-	(180,620)	-	(180,620)	(180,620)
Held for fair value hedge	-	(3,440)	-	(3,440)	(3,440)
Held for cash flow hedge	-	(5,345)	-	(5,345)	(5,345)
Liabilities at amortized cost					
Notes and medium term borrowings	(1,477,736)	(1,143,241)	-	(2,620,977)	(2,610,281)
	5,618,080	(1,085,576)	5,176	4,537,680	4,548,376
				Total fair	Carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	value	value
	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000		
31 December 2018 (Audited)				value	value
Investments	AED'000			value AED'000	value AED'000
Investments Equities		AED'000	AED'000	value AED'000	value AED'000
Investments Equities Fund of funds	AED'000			value AED'000 72,324 9,774	value AED'000 72,324 9,774
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	value AED'000	value AED'000
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774	value AED'000 72,324 9,774
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives	AED'000	AED'000 - 4,598 -	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774	value AED'000 72,324 9,774
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge	AED'000	4,598 - 104,243	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss	AED'000	4,598 - 104,243	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign	AED'000	4,598 - 104,243	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge	AED'000	4,598 - 104,243 313	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Held for cash flow hedge	AED'000	4,598 - 104,243 313 (74,303)	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Held for cash flow hedge Liabilities at amortized cost	72,324 - 6,675,313	AED'000 - 4,598 - 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Held for cash flow hedge	72,324 - 6,675,313 - - - - (1,470,596)	AED'000 - 4,598 - 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145) (1,143,241)	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)
Investments Equities Fund of funds Fixed and floating rate securities Positive market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Negative market value of forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivatives Fair value through profit or loss Held for fair value hedge Held for cash flow hedge Liabilities at amortized cost	72,324 - 6,675,313	AED'000 - 4,598 - 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)	AED'000	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)	value AED'000 72,324 9,774 6,675,313 104,243 313 (74,303) (1,092) (7,145)

The carrying values of the financial assets and liabilities (that are not stated at fair value) are not significantly different from their fair values.

During the period / year, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy above. Further, there has been no change in the valuation techniques in relation to valuation of financial instruments during the current or prior period.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

As at 31 March 2019 and 31 December 2018, Investment Corporation of Dubai ("ICD") owns 20% share capital of the Bank. ICD is wholly owned by the Government of Dubai (the "Government").

The Group in the ordinary course of business enters into transactions with major shareholders, directors, key management personnel and their related entities. The terms of these transactions are approved by the Group's Board of Directors.

	Directors and key		Governme	nt related	Other related parties	
	managemei	nt personnel	par	ties	Other relati	eu parties
	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 March 31 December		31 December
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Loans and advances and Islamic financing, net	430,844	416,198	831,301	1,262,582	1,363,907	1,398,356
Due from banks, net	-	-	205,735	-	- ,	-
Investment securities, net	-	-	1,300,771	1,315,852	-	-
Bankers acceptances	-	-	-	-	13,836	12,715
Letters of credit	-	-	-	223	3,733	6,233
Letters of guarantee	-	-	212,975	323,525	236,460	226,869
Undrawn commitments to extend credit	32,506	28,424	529,945	529,246	491,634	463,374
Due to banks		-	-	180,170	-	-
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	94,764	98,412	2,739,651	3,266,268	181,082	165,791
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest income and commission income	3,574	2,075	9,696	11,956	13,891	11,174
Interest expense	242	11	13,017	15,257	476	1,521

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group.

Other related parties represents major shareholders and parties related to directors, key management personnel.

The terms of transactions with related parties are comparable to third party transactions and do not involve more than normal amount of risk.

None of the balances with related parties are classified under stage 3 as per IFRS 9. Hence, no specific provision has been recorded against these balances.

Sitting fees paid to directors for attending committee meetings during the three month period ended 31 March 2019 amounted to AED 750 thousand (31 March 2018: AED 600 thousand).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Key management compensation

	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Salaries	5,613	5,724
Post-employment benefits	226	255
Other benefits	19,510	12,337

20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Central Bank of UAE ('CBUAE') supervises the Group on a consolidated basis, and therefore receives information on the capital adequacy of, and sets capital requirements for, the Group as a whole. Effective from 2017, the capital is computed at a Group level using the Basel III framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ('Basel Committee'), after applying the amendments advised by the CBUAE, within national discretion. The Basel III framework, like Basel II, is structured around three 'pillars': minimum capital requirements, supervisory review process and market discipline.

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital		
Share capital	2,802,734	2,802,734
Legal and statutory reserve	1,401,367	1,401,367
General reserve	1,328,025	1,328,025
Retained earnings	3,535,564	3,193,854
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(54,504)	(138,543)
Total CET1 capital	9,013,186	8,587,437
Regulatory deductions and adjustments	(62,227)	(58,449)
Tier 1 capital	8,950,959	8,528,988
Tier 2 capital		
Eligible general provision	742,723	728,552
Tier 2 capital	742,723	728,552
Total regulatory capital	9,693,682	9,257,540
Risk weighted assets (RWA)		
Credit risk	59,417,858	58,284,194
Market risk	327,124	425,881
Operational risk	4,893,229	4,893,229
Risk weighted assets	64,638,211	63,603,304
Tier 1 ratio	13.85%	13.41%
Tier 2 ratio	1.15%	1.15%
Capital adequacy ratio	15.00%	14.56%

21 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the effect of which are considered immaterial.